UB2000-F42-E5-V15	UB2	000	-F42-	·E5-\	/15
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	Technical data	
	General specifications	
	Sensing range	60 2000 mm
	Adjustment range	90 2000 mm
	Dead band	0 60 mm
	Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
	Transducer frequency	approx. 175 kHz
and the second s	Response delay Indicators/operating means	approx. 150 ms
	LED green	solid green: Power on
	LED yellow	solid: switching state switch output
		flashing: program function
	LED red	normal operation: "fault"
	Electrical specifications	program function: no object detected
	Operating voltage U _B	10 30 V DC , ripple 10 % _{SS}
	No-load supply current I ₀	≤ 50 mA
	Input/Output	
0 03	Synchronization	bi-directional
		0 level -U _{B+} 1 V
		1 level: +4 V+U _B
Model Number		input impedance: > 12 KOhm synchronization pulse: \ge 100 μ s, synchronization interpulse
		period: ≥ 2 ms
UB2000-F42-E5-V15	Synchronization frequency	
Single head system	Common mode operation	≤ 30 Hz
engle nead by close	Multiplex operation	\leq 30/n Hz, n = number of sensors
Features	Output Output type	1 switching output E5, PNP NO/NC, programmable
	Rated operating current le	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected
Switch output	Default setting	Switch point A1: 90 mm , Switch point A2: 2000 mm , wide
 Extremely small unusable area 	_	sound lobe
• TEACH-IN	Voltage drop U _d	≤ 2.5 V
	Repeat accuracy	\leq 0.5 % of switching point \leq 2.7 Hz
Interference suppression (adjus-	Switching frequency f Range hysteresis H	1 % of the set operating distance
table divergence of sound cone in	Temperature influence	± 1 % of full-scale value
close range)	Ambient conditions	
 Temperature compensation 	Ambient temperature	-25 70 °C (-13 158 °F)
 Synchronization options 	Storage temperature	-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)
	Mechanical specifications	Connector M10 x 1 E nin
 NO/NC selectable 	Connection type Degree of protection	Connector M12 x 1 , 5-pin IP54
	Material	11 54
Diagrams	Housing	ABS
	Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam
Characteristic response curve		polyurethane, cover PBT
	Mass Compliance with standards and directives	140 g
Distance Y [m]	Standard conformity	
Flat surface 100 mm x 100 mm	Standards	EN 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012
0.5		IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012
0	Approvals and certificates	
	UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose
0.5	CSA approval	cCSAus Listed, General Purpose
Round bar, Ø 25 mm	CCC approval	CCC approval / marking not required for products rated
		≤36 V
0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 Distance X [m]		
† Y		
↓ X		
narrow sonic beam		

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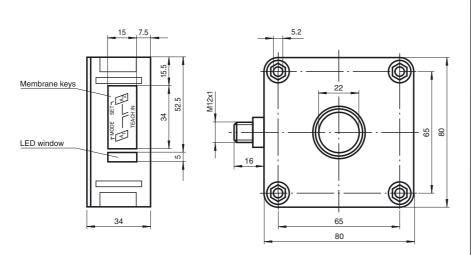
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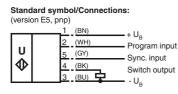


1

Dimensions



Electrical Connection



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Pinout

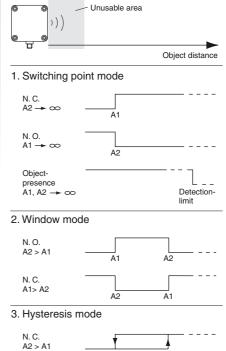


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

Additional Information

Programmable operation modes



Note:

N. O.

A1 > A2

 $\rightarrow \infty$ means: cover transducer surface with your hand, while teaching the switching point.

A1

¥

A2

A2

A1

If A1 = A2, the output works like A2 > A1

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Accessories

MH 04-3505 Mounting aid for FP and F42 sensors

MHW 11 Mounting brackets for sensors

V15-G-2M-PVC Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable

Functional Description

The sensor may be completely parameterised via two keys on the side panel of the housing. As a special feature provided by this sensor, the ultrasound beam width may be adapted to the environmental conditions at the place of operation of the sensor.

Specifying the switching points:

When specifying the switching points, the user determines at which points the switching output changes its state. The order of the switching points A1 > A2, or A1 < A2 also determines the direction of action (i.e. normally-closed/normally-open contact function).

Specifying the A1 switching point by pressing the A1 key		
Holding down the A1key > 2 seconds	The sensor switches to learn mode and the user may specify the A1 switching point	
Positioning the target object at the desired distance	The yellow LED of the sensor flashes fast to indicate that the target object has been recognised. The red LED flashes if the object has not been recognised.	
Briefly pressing the A1 key	The sensor terminates the specification of the A1 switching point and saves it as a non-volatile value. The specified value is invalid if the object is uncertain (i.e. the red LED lights up at irregular intervals). The learn mode is exited.	

The A2 switching point is specified via the A2 key, analogous to the description above.

Alternatively, the switching points may also be specified electrically via the learn input. To specify the A1 switching point, the learn input must be connected to

-U_B; to specify the A2 switching point, it must be connected to +U_B. Specified values are saved upon the disconnection from the learn input.

Switching points may only be specified directly after Power on. A time lock secures the adjusted switching points against unintended modification 5 minutes after the last keypress. To modify the switching points later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

Proceed as follows to parameterise the output function and the ultrasound beam width:

Press the A1 key during Power on and hold down the key for another second to ensure that the sensor starts the two-step parameterisation of the operating modes.

Step 1, parameterisation of the output function

The output function parameterised last is displayed. All output functions available may be selected via consecutive, brief strokes of the A2 key. These strokes are visualised via short flashes of the green LED.

Operating mode	Flash sequence of the green LED	A2 key
1 switching point/ object detection	-Ò, pause	\bigcirc
Window function (default)	- Č. j. Č. pause	\downarrow
Hysteresis mode	-ऴॣ॔ऴॣ॔ऴॣ॔ pause	

Hold down the A1 key for 2 seconds to save the selected output mode, complete the parameterisation and ensure that the sensor returns to normal mode. Step 2 may be initiated by briefly pressing the A1 key (parameterisation of the ultrasound beam width).

Step 2, parameterisation of the ultrasound beam width

In the near range, via Step 2, the ultrasound beam width may be adapted to the requirements of the corresponding application. The beam width parameterised last is displayed first. Available beam width settings may be selected via consecutive, brief strokes of the A2 key. These strokes are visualised via the flash sequence of the red LED.

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Beam width	Flash sequence of the red LED	A2 key
Small beam	-\	\bigcirc
Medium beam	- Ŏ 」-Ŏ pause - Ŏ L	\downarrow
Large beam	-;;;- u-;;;- u-;;;- pause	\bigcup

Hold down the A1 key for 2 seconds to save the selected beam shape, complete the parameterisation and ensure that the sensor returns to normal mode. Briefly press the A1 key to return to Step 1 (parameterisation of the output function).

If the parameterisation mode is not terminated within 5 minutes after last keypress (by holding down the A1 key for 2 seconds), the sensor aborts this mode without modifying the settings.

Synchronisation

The sensor has a synchronisation port to suppress mutual influencing. If this port has not been connected, the sensor works at an internally generated cycle rate. Several sensors may be synchronised via the following options.

External synchronisation:

The sensor may be synchronised via the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse on the synchronisation input initiates a measuring cycle. The pulse width must be greater than 100 µs. The measuring cycle is started with the falling edge. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input initiate the transition to normal sensor mode. A high level on the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two modes are possible:

- Several sensors are controlled via the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work in common mode.
- The synchronisation pulses are forwarded at cyclic intervals to respectively one single sensor. The sensors work in multiplex mode.

Self-synchronisation:

The synchronisation ports of up to 5 sensors suitable for self-synchronisation are connected to each other. These sensors work in multiplex mode after Power on. The On delay increases depending on the number of sensors to be synchronised. While the learn mode is active, no synchronisation is possible (and vice-versa). To specify the switching points, the sensors must be operated in non-synchronised mode.

Note:

If the synchronisation option is not used, the synchronisation input must be connected to ground (0V) or the sensor must be operated with a (4-pole) V1 connecting cable.

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