





Model Number

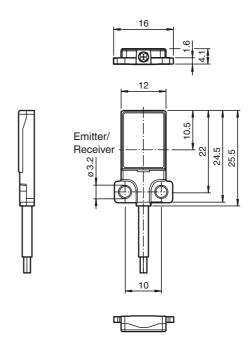
OBE500-R3F-SE2-Y263493

Thru-beam sensor (pair) with 2 m fixed cable

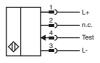
Features

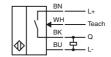
- Very flat design for direct mounting without mounting bracket
- TEACH-IN
- Detection of partially transparent objects by teach-in
- Very bright, highly visible light spot

Dimensions



Electrical connection





Singapore: +65 6779 9091

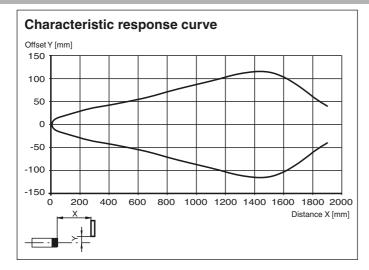
fa-info@sg.pepperl-fuchs.com

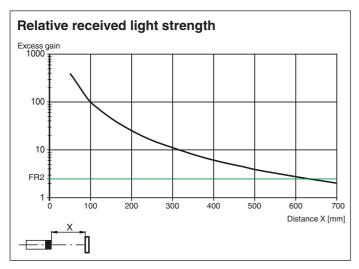
Technical data System components Emitter OBE500-R3F-S OBE500-R3F-E2-Y814218 **General specifications** Effective detection range 0 500 mm Threshold detection range 700 mm Light source LFD Light type modulated visible red light, 630 nm LED risk group labelling exempt group Angle deviation approx. 2° typ. starts from 1.5 mm Object size Diameter of the light spot approx. 90 mm at a distance of 500 mm Angle of divergence approx. 5 Optical face frontal Ambient light limit EN 60947-5-2: 25000 Lux Functional safety related parameters MTTF_d 806 a Mission Time (T_M) 20 a Diagnostic Coverage (DC) 0 % Indicators/operating means Operation indicator LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz) Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes Function indicator when falling short of the stability control; OFF when light beam **Electrical specifications** 10 ... 30 V DC Operating voltage U_{B} No-load supply current Emitter: ≤ 11 mA I_0 Receiver: ≤ 8 mA Protection class Input Test input Test of switching function at 0 V Switching threshold Teach-In input Output Switching type NO contact / dark on 1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, Signal output open collector Switching voltage max. 30 V DC max. 50 mA, resistive load Switching current Voltage drop U_d ≤ 1.5 V DC Switching frequency approx. 1 kHz 500 us Response time Conformity Product standard EN 60947-5-2 **Ambient conditions** -25 ... 60 °C (-13 ... 140 °F) Ambient temperature Storage temperature -20 ... 70 °C (-4 ... 158 °F) **Mechanical specifications** Housing width 16 mm Housing height 25.5 mm 4.1 mm Housing depth Degree of protection IP67 Connection 2 m fixed cable Material Housing PC (Polycarbonate) and Stainless steel РММА Optical face **PUR** Cable approx. 20 g Per sensor Mass Tightening torque, fastening screws 1 Nm Cable length 2 m Approvals and certificates **UL** approval E87056, cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source

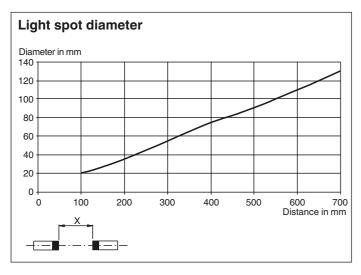
Other suitable accessories can be found at www.pepperl-fuchs.com

CCC approval / marking not required for products rated \leq 36 V

CCC approval







Teach-In Methods

The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

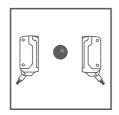
The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy.

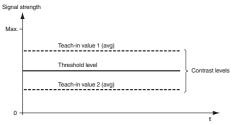
Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

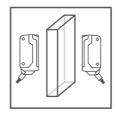
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- 2. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values



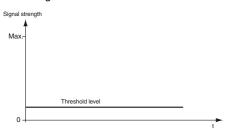


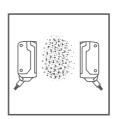
- 1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- 3. Position the object in the beam path.
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- 6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
- 7. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- 8. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.