







## **Model Number**

## OBE10M-R3-SE2-L

Laser thru-beam sensor with 2 m fixed cable

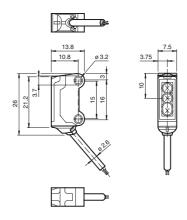
## **Features**

- · Ultra-small housing design
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors durable and employable like an LED
- 45° cable outlet for maximum mounting freedom under extremely tight space constraints
- Improvement in machine availability with abrasion-resistant, antistatic glass front

## **Product information**

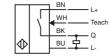
The R3 series nano sensor has been developed for a broad range of applications. It offers excellent durability and is exceptionally easy to install. The housing is compact and, with its 45° cable outlet, can be installed in the smallest spaces. New functional principles and functionality open up a range of new options. The DuraBeam laser sensors are durable and can be used in the same way as a standard sensor. The abrasion-resistant lens allows long operating times close to the moving object.

## **Dimensions**

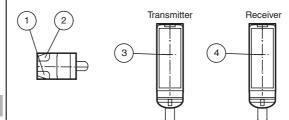


## **Electrical connection**





# Indicators/operating means



			_
	1	Operating display	green
	2	Signal display	yellow
	3	Emitter	
	4	Receiver	

## **Technical data**

#### System components

Emitter OBE10M-R3-L OBE10M-R3-E2-L Receive

#### **General specifications**

Effective detection range 0 10 m Threshold detection range 15 m laser diode Light source

Light type modulated visible red light, 680 nm

Laser nominal ratings

Note LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

Laser class 680 nm Wave length Beam divergence > 5 mrad approx. 3 us Pulse length Repetition rate approx. 16.6 kHz max. pulse energy 9.5 nJ

Diameter of the light spot approx. 20 mm at a distance of 10 m

Angle of divergence approx. 0.5 ° Optical face frontal

EN 60947-5-2: 30000 Lux Ambient light limit

#### Functional safety related parameters

806 a  $MTTF_d$ Mission Time (T<sub>M</sub>) 20 a Diagnostic Coverage (DC) 0%

Indicators/operating means

Operation indicator LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green

flashing (approx. 4 Hz)

Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes Function indicator when falling short of the stability control; OFF when light beam

is interrupted

#### **Electrical specifications**

Operating voltage  $U_{\mathsf{B}}$ 12 ... 24 V No-load supply current Emitter: ≤ 10 mA  $I_0$ Receiver: ≤ 8 mA

Protection class

#### Input

Test input Test of switching function at 0 V

Switching threshold Teach-In input

#### Output

Switching type NO contact

Signal output 1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected,

open collector Switching voltage max. 30 V DC

Switching current max. 50 mA, resistive load

≤ 1.5 V DC Voltage drop Switching frequency approx. 2 kHz 250 μs Response time

Conformity

Product standard EN 60947-5-2 EN 60825-1:2007 Laser safety

# **Ambient conditions**

-20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F) Ambient temperature -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature

## **Mechanical specifications**

Housing width 7.5 mm Housing height 26 mm 13.8 mm Housing depth Degree of protection IP67 2 m fixed cable Connection Material PC/ABS and TPU Housing Optical face glass

PUR

# Approvals and certificates

Cable

Mass Cable length

**UL** approval E87056, cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source CCC approval CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V IEC 60825-1:2007 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and FDA approval 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No.

50, dated June 24, 2007

approx. 20 g Per sensor

#### Laserlabel



## CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

IEC 60825-1: 2007 certified. Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50. dated June 24, 2007

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#### **Accessories**

#### MH-R3-01

Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket

## MH-R3-02

Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket

## MH-R3-03

Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket

#### MH-R3-04

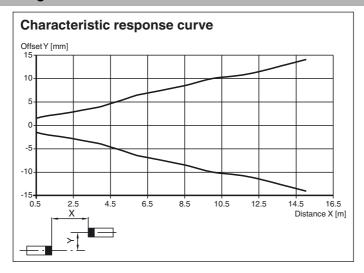
Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket

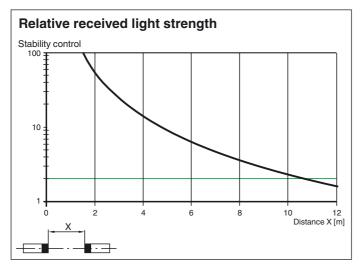
Other suitable accessories can be found at www.pepperl-fuchs.com

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## **Curves/Diagrams**





# **Teach-In Methods**

The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

### **Position Teach**

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





# Recommended application:

This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
  The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
  The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

## **Two-Point Teach-In**

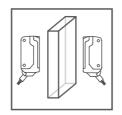
When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values

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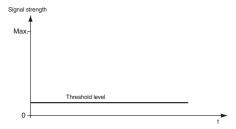


- 1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- Position the object in the beam path.
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static. 5.

#### **Maximum Teach-In**

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





#### Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- 6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

# Laser notice laser class 1

- The irradiation can lead to irritation especially in a dark environment. Do not point at people!
- Maintenance and repairs should only be carried out by authorized service personnel!
- Attach the device so that the warning is clearly visible and readable.
- The warning accompanies the device and should be attached in immediate proximity to the device.
- Caution Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

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